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Mo Dona Cey

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For the National Era .- [Copyright secured] THE SHAMROCK:

RECOLLECTIONS OF IRELAND.

BY SLOW JAMIE. CHAPTER XL

Superstition. Perhaps superstition lingered longer in Ire land than in any other part of Europe. Many, when they hear of superstition, immediately

panied by a voice calling for vengeance, and that it was the devil who rung the bell in Paris for the massacre of St. Bartholomew's day.

St. Bartholomew's day.

St. Bartholomew's day.

St. Bartholomew's day. This arose from different causes . First, the climate and scenery are well calculated to promote the ideal. Every American knows how much the calmness of our Indian mer. In this connection, too, we might men-

seen, with glaring blood-shot eye-balls and discovered features, scrabbling furiously at the door or windows. If she could get in, and take the pot off the fire, she would soon kill the operator. If she could not get in, she would soon begin to beg, and agree to any terms.

A lady of undoubted veracity once told me smoky days, whenever their sky is clear. Besides, the tuneful bird, the sportive hare, and the fragrant hedge, inspire and foster the poetic facility. Some poet has said—

The second week of the war—the fragrant people, the class were unhappy. They resided in noisome dwelling our points, when the cardinal had been dead more than four years, that the expected edition appeared; and it contained so many faults and imperfections, that its value was considerably abundance of hers had seen a' snow-white hare skipping around the coor of his byre or cow-stable. He shot at her several times, and, although a good shot, always missed. At

There is a tuneful river, In Erin's Isle. In silvery smile ; Where the leaves that fall, Grow gem-like all.

Second. The great veneration with which the fifty years ago, a venerable old man lay on his deathbed. His disease was hydrocephalus. He manifested but little wandering of mind, except that one day he pointed to the foot of the bed, and remarked, "That young man who sits up That story is to this day repeated among his grandchildren, as an evidence of the pleasant exercises of his mind, which, even nder hallucination, partook of a devotional

n find some who have a strange leaning towards the marvellons. It will generally be found that these are remarkable for an excitable nerve: and.

doubt, often gave rise to many stories, which are confidently told by the creditous in evidence

persons, things, and actions. The word was nearly allied, in sense is well as sound, to the English word "freak." I remember, one morning, as we were going to school, we met Sally Hill gathering a weed she called St. John's. She said that if you had but an inch of it in slip. Indeed, she was generally very kind; ing. She had several of the plants carefully lifted, to set in her garden. We took the precious talisman with much the same feelings some patent medicine suiting his case, if he should be a big enough fool to believe it. That very day, while Arthur Macon and I were en-

William Black, in county Antrim, had a litbenevolent spirits of a grade inferior to com-bors gathered in, but the eye was swelled and bleeding, and they could do nothing for it. One man told about an old woman, living two or three miles distant, who could relieve her, and offered, with the parents' permission, to go for her. The father said he would have nothing to

cattle." "How will I do it?" "Whisper something their ear, and if they get well, they will think you cured them; if they die, it will be only thought that the case was an obstinate was almost perished with cold, but it lay still, and they went to sleep again. In the morning it was gone. They inquired it any one had put their little brother into bed to them, and were their little brother into bed to them, and were

when they hear of superstition, immediately come. As her fame increased, she was called on to charm human patients as well as bestial. In this, her success was even greater, for she cally apart from their religion, but even in or travelled round so much that she knew all the only apart from their religion, but even in opsition to it. They believed, for instance, in discourse that would make any man well, who the existence of several classes of aerial beings, which the Bible ignore: Superstition, of one kind or other, was almost universal. Many, who did not believe in the existence of fairies, ascribed great power to elves; and some, who laughed at freets, were in great fear of witchcraft. Protestants, who derided or pitied the learn for the would make any man well, who discourse that would make any man well, who was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her wiscourse that would make any man well, who there was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was not too sick to listen to it. At length, her was craft. Protestants, who derided or pitied the credulity of the Papists, were themselves firmly convinced that a bloody hand had once been seen rising out of the Bunn every year, accomburst into a loud laugh. His disease was an

Robbing cows of their milk was the com monest kind of witchcraft. The best milch cows would often go nearly dry. But, although they gave but little milk, that little they would continue to give. They would neither milk decentsammer conduces to melancholy yet pleasant ly nor go dry entirely in order to get fat. To musings. When the blue haze settles about counteract this, there was a class of conjurers, the tree-tops, it seems so much like the spirit of the woods coming out to defend the fading foliage from the ravages of time. To this sea and put three kinds of metal in it, commonly son the old Indian looked forward, not so much for his harvest day of hunting as his great time for worship. Hence, it is called Indian sum.

In this correction too was might men. mer. In this connection, too, we might men-tion the old Roman superstition about the faithful lovers, Ceyx and Halcyon, turned into

cow-stable. He shot at her several times, and, at the root of a thornbush. I once heard of although a good shot, always missed. At length, it occurred to him that it might be a witch that had come in this guise to suck the with a hunched back, a withered face, and a of three hundred and forty-six pages of parchment of large size. It must have required, he says, a whole gazelle skin to make two of these pages. The writing is divided upon each page into four columns. It is generally very well his gun, and fired again. She limped away, but he soon learned that he had shot a woman. Many of my readers will hesitate about believ- chimney. ing this, but I don't. A hare might readily be Second. The great veneration with which the list regard their forefathers tended to keep up their old notions. The profound respect white. In such a winter, too, emboldened by this prince of biblical critics know that every confidence can be reposed in his positive statements. This coder, then, is contemporaneous which they pay to their immediate parents the cabbage leaves which the cows ate. If a through the intervention of the good-natured with the works of this prince of biblical critics know that every confidence can be reposed in his positive statements. This coder, then, is contemporaneous which they pay to their immediate parents. deepens in the distance, as is well known, till marksman imagined that he might be possibly shooting at a human being, his hand, however many regard their remote ancestors with a veneration little short of worship. It is this feel-

haunted the mountains, courted the favor of the common people. As they possessed false keys and other facilities, it would be easy for them to enter houses. This, however, they could not believed that the good spirit was superior in the superstance of the superstance of the size of but they could enter barns, and milk the cows with perfect safety, so long as it was blamed on the poor witches. In later times, smugglers, who had pits and secret retreats for concealing contraband liquor, carried on the same trade, for they were fond of the milk of the cow as well as the juice of the still. Their friends well as the juice of the still. Their friends well as the juice of the still. Their friends are wasting our good success to our specific safety of the war, delivered at London Tavern—Battle of Montebello—The Allies numbering 6,300, under General Forey, defeat 25,000 Austrians, under General Count Stadion—The Emperor visits Casale.

May 21.—The Piedmontese, under General Caldini, force the passage of the Sesia, at Verteelli, routing the Austrians—Garibaldi, with his corps, leaves Bielle, and marches for North-western Lombardy—The blockade of Venice western Lombardy—The blockade of Venice were the newly discovered MS. a the war, delivered at London Tavern—Battle of Montebello—The Allies numbering 6,300, under General Forey, defeat 25,000 Austrians, under General Count Stadion—The Emperor visits Casale.

May 21.—The Piedmontese, under General Caldini, force the passage of the Sesia, at Verteelli, routing the Austrians—Garibaldi, with his corps, leaves Bielle, and marches for North-western Lombardy—The blockade of Venice under hallucination, partook of a devotional character. We can easily perceive how a little ignorance join the filial regard would have taken a more than a real fact.

of the day, and especially of the night. minister came to see them, and prayed that the enemy might be silenced. "Ha!" said the enemy might be silenced. "Ha! said the voice, "you might as well bid Nebuchadnezzar." As he sat by the fire, his boot flew deities from their rulers.

We never had the industrious brownie the beautiful the be

of their peculiar notions.

Freets related to lucky soft unlucky places, persons, things, and notions. The word was a candle and went alone into a dark room. Presently the apartment was full of spitefu your pocker there was no danger of being your pocker there was no danger of being whipped, reven scolded. Although it was but dimmer. The little things began to encourage one another to attack him. But soon the charm as completed, and the elves retreated with a in Ireland to the name of tory. From the forture with one of its most precious monuments. doleful cry, which was heard away down deep under the ground, and the candle again burned brightly. The conjurer said he would not do it again for a hundred pounds. How much ventriloquism might have been employed, either in the cause or cure, the reader must judge for the prevalent ideas about elves and fairies.

himself, as I know nothing about it. In county Tyrone there lived a very wicked t. That tere enup, and A few e of the of the set of the of the country lyrone there nived a very wicked man. He betrayed girls when he was young, he ground the faces of the poor when old, and, whether young or old, he was desperately profane. Sometimes he drove away the officers, and other times he bribed them, so that what for it never attended an upstart family. I have a long the country lyrone there nived a very wicked man. He betrayed girls when he was young, he ground the faces of the poor when old, and, whether young or old, he was desperately profane. Sometimes he drove away the officers, and the stakes greater than have ever been known on any track. Mr. Rucker have ever been known on any track. whether young or oid, ne was desperately projug a social whisper, we were called up, and shapped on the hand till we squealed. A few days after, I happened to have a piece of the and other times he bribed them, so that what magic herb, and Hugh had none. "O, Jamie," said he, "give me that; I have my grammar ever his crimes might be, he escaped punishment. At length there came an officer who to no good, michow." I complied, for it was evident that the charm would not work well with me. Still, I had an idea that, if I had not had the weed, I might have been punished more severely. Whether the St. John's wort screened Hugh, with his bad lesson, that morning, or not, I do not remember; but I know that it was very popular for a little while, and ing or not, I do not remember; but I know that it was very popular for a little while, and then gradually lost its reputation.

Many who paid no attention to freets believed

corpse would grin at the by-standers. In terror they sent off for the minister. When the holy man arrived, the body had raised partly up. On the appearance of the clergyman, the devil room window, and repeated the sound. It com-

only conversion from paganism, but also the

Their breath was like the fragrant gale,

lo with her; but if the other thought proper to Their voice was soft as the æolian harp, and go and see her, he might. He accordingly their very conversational tones were music, went, and John Black, the little girl's brother, went along. The old woman, on hearing the story, said she knew William Black, and that story, said she knew William Black, and that he did not believe in charms, but it was a pity that the child should suffer for the obstinacy of the parents, and she would try and do something for it. So she went to a bush, and took a clean linen rag off it. Then she went to the spring and brought a bowl of fresh water. Of this she took a mouthful three several times, and blew on the rag. The last time she should suffer for the obstinacy of the parents, and she would represent the several times, and blew on the rag. The last time she should suffer for the obstinacy of the least heard, dancing in such places with childhood's happy glee. Their ordinary dwelling was under lofty mountains, in magnificent grottoes, ornamented with gems and gold. Sometimes, however, they made themselves grand and gorgeous castles in the air, said the parents and gold. aclean lineur rag off it. Then she went to the pring afid brought a bowl of fresh water. Offers, and another the pring afid brought a bowl of fresh water. Offers, and bowl of the insurance was effected in Glouces the dail over the country. Very few, except the dail over the country, or the condition of his conscience, and gold. Sometimes, however, they made them the difficulty, and in a way about the engine was stopping as series of the dail over the country. Very few, except the dail over the dail over the country. Very few, except the dail over the country. Very few, except the dail over the country. Very few, except the dail over the dai

the road. Unfortunately, however, when he gathered courage to approach it, it turned out to be a benweed, with a little tow spread over it, either by accident or design. I have sometimes thought that the fairy music which some heard might have proceeded from the outlaw tories holding their orgies in old ruins, or among the mountains; nor is it improbable value of the New Testament.

M. Tischendorf has communicated his discovery to the Minister of the King of Saxony, in a letter dated Cairo, 15th of March, and which the scientific supplement of the Leipzig Gazette republished on the 17th of April. The Vatican MS. has hitherto been regarded as that they might sometimes have abdusted

cows. He immediately put a silver piece in squeaking voice, came in at the door, and told preserved. The learned professor believes that hole near the door, for it all came down their as is customary with ancient MSS. From th

white without being filled with milk. In hard that charmers were patronized. Some of these those who are acquainted with the works of eration little short of worship. It is this feeling that binds the Catholic Cole so strongly to his ancestral faith, and makes the oral tradition of the country so full. It is no wonder, then, that old stories about fairies, &c., should

fay, were the same in Scotland as in Ireland; superstition had been greatly modified since the time of the Druids, for then the Scotch and

The celebrated critic concludes his letter. mer, according to Hogg, in his tale of the Brownie of Bodsbeck, originated the idea that

the appearance of the clergyman, the devil made his escape, and the corpse was hastily intered.

The devil had power not only to assume whatever shape he pleased, and in that form to work wonders, but he could also impart that power to mortals who were in law to say it asserts the pleased, and in that form to work wonders, but he could also impart that power to mortals who were in law to say it asserts the pleased, and in that form to work wonders, but he could also impart that power to mortals who were in law to the bed around bewildered. The fact was, he had been fatigued, and had dropped asleep while walking. Rousing himself, he asked:

"Why! where am I?"

which have been lost from the port of Gloucester within the last thirty years. Of that number, fifty-nine were stranded, seven run down, two capsized, three foundered, one burnt, and thirty-eight were never heard from. Thirty-six of them were lost in the Bay of St. Lawrence, offered the officer \$250, if he would put him on

said she wished to do something of the kind, but did not know what she could do. "O, well," said her brother, "go and charm sick one night, and found a babe between them. It was \$42,200. These facts show that the business is pursued at a yearly loss of twenty or her body contents himself with rough diamonds, or length overtaken and stopped the train, and the port of Boston yearly is estimated at from negotiators are after it, and that plot will wears them so. When polished and set, then neck of the balloon from my face, with plenty for body contents himself with rough diamonds, or length overtaken and stopped the train, and the port of Boston yearly is estimated at from negotiators are after it, and that plot will wears them so. When polished and set, then neck of the balloon from my face, with plenty for pure, cold air around me, soon brought me

will think you cured them; if they die, it will be only thought that the case was an obstinate one." "What will I say?" "If ye leeve, ye leeve; an if ye dee, ye dee; an' the de'il cares whether ye leeve or dee." She tried it; and her success was beyond all expectation. So many poor people, who kept but a single cow, were as anxious about her thrift as that of a child. If she were but stung by the cleg, they must apply to the cow-doctor. The result was, that in nine-tenths of the cases she was called to, there was nothing the matter with the animal. Her fee was trifling, but her practice was so extensive that she made a handsome in come. As her fame increased, she was called on to charm human patients as well as bestial.

The theological world in Germany is now to the conclusion that the fairies were carrying off a child, and found it necessary to put it somewhere to get it warmed before they reached their own comfortable habitation.

A man and his wife were going to a neighbor's house, after dark. They rode on a single horse, and the man carried their child. They passed a stream with steep banks. When he reached the house, his wife was gone. They did not find her till the next morning. When found, she could give no account of herself, except that, going up the bank, she was appreant on to charm human patients as well as bestial.

The theological world in Germany is now to the the intermediate discovery of Professor Tischendorf, well known by his somewhere to get it warmed before they reached the treatment of the teacher.

The theological world in Germany is now to the eaply interested in the remarkable discovery of Professor Tischendorf, well known by his somewhere to get it warmed before they reached the their own comfortable habitation.

A man and his wife were going to a neighbor's house, after dark. They rode on a single horse, and the man carried their child. They can be a success the same called to, there was nothing the matter with the animal carried their child. They can be a success of the Governments hensive of falling off. She remembered nothing after that. There happened to an iron key in her pocket, which revealed the secret. It was all bent and twisted. The fairies had tried to carry her off, to nurse the children which they had taken elsewhere. The iron about her person had prevented it.

It combined all the marks laid down by paleographers as determining the age of an ancient MS. But now there is no longer any doubt; the parchment, the characters, the punctuation, the initials, the inscriptions and subscriptions, the initials, the inscriptions and subscriptions, the possess au Alexandrine MS. of the fourth century of the age of Constantine and Eusebius of person had prevented it.

My own grandfather came near seeing a fairy one startight night. It stood up quite still in the middle of a field, as he passed along the road. Unfortunately, however, when he gathered courses to expressed it it turned out.

that they might sometimes have abducted containing the most ancient copy of the Books of the New Testament. Its existence has been The elves were mischievous creatures, and known since the sixteenth century. Long co as ugly in form as disposition. They haunted brakes and old thorn bushes. The least of brought to Paris under the First Empire, where fence provoked them, and they always wreaked their vengeance on the cattle. In the spring of the year, especially after a hard winter, it was nothing unusual for cattle to be elf-shot, was nothing unusual for cattle to be elf-shot, a notoriety, that it had become impossible to and often little balls of hair would be found in withdraw it entirely from public curiosity. The the barnyard, which had missed their aim. Papal authority, however, did not permit any Before my grandfather's door grew an old thornbush. It was in the way, and he went to cut it down. My great-grandmother was alarmed, and warned her son of the danger, but he removed it. That very spring, strange length this precious MS. In 1828, the Roman as it was, he lost a fine big black cow. He never attributed it to the cutting of the tree; but she and many others were as confident that sioned to undertake the publication. It was the spirits killed the animal, as that he had proceeded with, however, with so much slow

into four columns. It is generally very well of the river—They occupy Rivergaro.

preserved. The learned professor believes that May 12.—The Emperor lands at Genoa. her to pour no more dirty water into that sink it has received some retouches of a later period, internal evidence he regards it as certain that It was principally to counteract the elves, the MS. dates from the fourth century, and

well as the juice of the still. Their triends professed the art of conjuring, and when they got a good fee, they could give intimation to their friends to forage in a new place.

Near the Faughan water, in county Derry, there was a haunted house. Voices out of the wall and chimney alarmed the family all hours of the day and correcible of the main in a half-civilized state finds active and it is this which renders the work. efficient rulers tyrannical and selfish; and the of inappreciable value. Slill more, it contains, only mild and goutle ones, some easy good najoined to the Apocalypse, the Epistle attributed tured princes, too indolent to oppress. Now, to Barnabas, a very important document of the the heathen always take the character of their deities from their rulers. end of the first century or the beginning of the second, and, in fine, the first part of the Shepherd of Hermas, which dates from the first Ireland. The mischievous elf, the beautiful that of the second century. This confirms what far, were the same in Scotland as in Ireland; the history of the canon has already induced but the brownie never found its way across the North Channel. This shows that the ancient many churches, these two works were regarded

saying, "What do you want? What do you want?" What do you want? Say! tell me! What do you want?" It is same mythology. It affords a hint, too, of the would answer. Oh! keep still, and I'll tell the difference in the modern history of the two the same mythology. It affords a hint, too, of can MS, was known for three hundred years countries. The mountains of both countries general desire for its publication. I hope that, were filled with outlaws, about the same time. In Scotland they gave rise to the name of whig. sufficient to enable me to enrich Christian litera-

> EXCITING RACE ON THE RAIL TRACK. \$275,000.

From L. D. Rucker, Superintendent of the Perhaps the aristocratical banshee should ticulars of an exciting race, in which the steeds not be passed in silence. I call it aristocratical were iron horses, and the stakes greater than

"Gone on ten minutes ago." "Ten minutes ago, and left me! I must g PERILS AND LOSSES OF FISHERMEN .- The on that train. It is a matter of life and death Gloucester (Mass.) Telegraph presents a list of one hundred and ten vessels, chiefly schooners, which have been lost from the port of Glouces-

mackerelling, twenty-seven on George's Bank, board the train. This strange demand and

missing his faithful courier, he went on his way, rejoicing at the success of his perilous and exciting adventure.—Cleveland Leader.

SIX WEEKS OF THE ICALIAN WAR Chronicle of the Campaign-The Declara tion of War—The Campaign—The Declara-Enter Sardinia—The Austrians Driven Out of Piedmont and Forced to Abandon Lom-bardy—The Retiller bardy-The Battles of Montebello, Palestro San Fermo, Varese, Magenta, and Maleg

PRELIMINARY EVENTS. April 19.—Departure of the first body of French troops from Toulon—Austrian ultimitum dispatched from Vienna to Turin.

April 23.—It is received at Turin.

April 26.—The limit fixed by the ultimatu

expires - Statement of the war question addressed to the Corps Legislatif by Count Waleweki-French troops first cross Most Cenis.

April 27.—Revolution in Tuscany—The

THE FIRST WEEK OF THE WAR-THE AUSTRIANS ENTER SARDINIA. April 29 .- The Austrians, under Count Gyn

lai, pass Ticino—Marshal Canrobert and Gen. Niel reach Turin, and assume command of their respective corps d'armée—Gen. McMahon arrives at Genoa—Death of Gen. Bonat, April 30.-The Austrians occupy Novara-The French Ambassador quits Vienna. May 1.-King Victor Emanuel leaves Turi

to take command of his army-The Austrians occupy Mortara-Their steamers seize the Sartrian vessels repulsed in the lake.

May 3.— Manifesto of Napoleon III, ad dressed to the Corps Legislatif-The Austrian

pass the Po at Cambio - They are repulsed in an attempted crossing at Frassinetto-They burn the bridge over the Scrivia at Piacenza-The Austrian vanguard reaches Tronzano. May 4. - The Duchess Regent of Parma nters her capital-The conflict at Frassinetto

continues—The Austrians, passing the Po at Vacarizze, advance to Sale—A cannonade at

seilles-The Austrians pause at Vercelli, and return reconnoitering parties to the right bank

THE THIRD WEEK OF THE WAR-THE AUSTRIAN RETREAT. May 14 .- The Austrians occupy Bobbio, and push their advanced post to Casteggio. May 15 .- The French Emperor arrives a

May 16 .- The French squadron of Admiral imperor visits the outposts at Valenza. May 17 .- The Austrians threaten the bridge -The Emperor visits the headquarters of the King at Occimiano-The Austrians

vainly attempt to take the bridge at Valenza.

May 19.—The headquarters of Count Gyulai transferred in retreat to Garlasco.

Cialdini, force the passage of the Sesia, at Ver- their Asiatic possessions, the regions of the celli, routing the Austrians-Garibaldi, with Amoor and the Pacific.

re-established. May 22.—Death of the King of Naples.

May 26.—The Emperor arrives at Vercelli— Garibaldi again beats the Austrians at Mal-

THE FIFTH WEEK OF THE WAR-THE BATTLE OF PALESTRO. May 27 .- Garibaldi marches upon Como, and,

routing the Austrians at San Fermo, occupies that city—Rapid movement of the French army from the south to the north of the Po-Monte bello and Casteggio, evacuated by them, occu general desire for its publication. I hope that, instead of three centuries, three years will be Lecco-Austrian vessels bombard Cannobio, on

Lago Maggiore-The Valtelline rises in insur-May 31.-Battle of Palestro-The Allies commanded by Victor Emanuel, attack the Austrians—The Emperor of Austria, attended

by Field Marshal Baron Hess, arrives at Ve Palestro-General Niel occupies Novara. June 2.—Garibaldi, retiring before a pow ful body of the enemy, attacks Laveno

cessfully—The Austrians attack the allied out-posts at Robbie, but speedily retreat—The advance of the Allies under McMahon, enters Lombardy by the bridge of Turbigo. THE SIXTH WEEK OF THE WAR-THE GREAT

BATTLES OF MAGENTA AND MALEGNANO. June 3.— The Austrians hastily evacuate Sar dinia-Severe action at Buffalora-Garibaldi again marches upon Varese, beats the Aus

trians, and reoccupies it.

June 4.—The conflict at Buffalora conclude in a splendid victory of the Allies at Magenta June 6.—Milan rises upon the Austrians— The garrison retires—Victor Emanuel proclaimed King-Lombardy annexed to San dinia-Grand Te Deum at Paris for the victory at Magenta.

June 7.—The Emperor and King enter Mi

lan-The Austrian custom-houses on Lago Maggiore seized by Garibaldi's corps. June 8. - Garibaldi pursues the Austrian who retreat towards Monza.

June 9 .- Marshal Baraguay d'Hilliers at tacks the Austrians at Malegnano, and, after a severe contest, carries that post-The Austrians evacuate Laveno, on the Lago Maggiore

which a few years since was so abundant in the than the Bay and St. George's. The aggregate value of the lost vessels with their outfits is set down at \$300,000, or an average of \$10,000 dead loss to the town annually, as about the whole of the insurance was effected in Glouces-ter.

The same paper gives the names of two hun
whole of the insurance was effected in Glouces-for thirty or forty miles, some connection gave way about the engine. The engine was stop-

RUSSIA'S "DESIGNS ON TURKEY." LETTER FROM COUNT GUROWSKI To the Editors of the Evening Post :

The letter signed J. B., from Paris, inserted in the Evening Post of June 22d, presents certain views respecting the fate of Turkey, and the designs of Russia in reference to that construction in the construction of the constr ry, which I deem to be mistaken. All Europe w sees clearly the atter impossibility of the orther existence of the Moslem rule. Dispassionate investigators of the working of social and historical laws foresaw and asserted the ame impossibility from the beginning of the ate eastern imbroglio and war. But how difficult, then, it was, to make it generally under-

The Crescent is rapidly setting, and no earth-y power can prevent the final decomposition and disappearance of the Ottomans from Europe, and the final emancipation of the various Christian European populations. But the results and the consequences of the Crimean war, the treaty of Paris foremost among them, wholly change the mode and the consolidation of the hange the mode and the consolidation of the approaching emancipation. It must be alto-gether different from what could have taken place previously without that bloody episode. Events change their current, and bring forth new occurrences. They give a new impulse, they modify and even reverse aims of policy, preconcerted notions in individuals, in states nen, as well as in nations. It is a law imperative in nature and in history. The new evolution by which the emancipation of the European populations from the Mohammedan sway will be accomplished; this evolution is the paramount and beneficial result of that minous struggle. But for it, most probably Russia would have gleaned all the spoils. Now, this is almost out of the question, and this im-possibility will be beneficial to Russia.

The Ottoman iron rule broken, the various European parts will fall off, composing at once normal units. Such are, first, the Moldo-Wallachian; second, the Servian with Bosnia; third, the Sclavo-Rumelian; and fourth, the be the surmises of certain politicians in Europe, concerning the continued schemes of St.
Petersburg on Turkey and Constantinople, all this talk has no basis in existing data. The Russians wish ardently for the emancipation of their co-religious and kindred race, but without any longing to absorb them. Out of the four above-enumerated normal units, two-that is, Servia and Moldo-Wallachia-are already nearindependently constituted. None of them would wish to submit to Russia, whose Government also would not be so faithless as to try to unde what was principally the creation of its ef-Porte, would evoke not only the resistance of Europe, but of the aspiring independent pop-

All seems to indicate that the actual Russian Government knows too well the dangers and precipices in which such an attempt would rag it. But events show that without great difficulty a kind of southern confederation may be erected where hitherto the Koran had held way. Should Austria be shaken to her foundations by the pending struggle in Italy, the Magyar element may easily find a place in this new confederation; not, however, as a haughty ominator and oppressor of t tions, but restricted exclusively to the Magyar

correspondents, or rather invented by Mazzini, is, that the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia is to become eventually King of Hungary. He sphere of action is now by far to expandedter the broad Russian Kaftan for the curtailed May 20.—Great speech of M. Kossuth on Magyar Johnan*. It is far more to be second the war, delivered at London Tavern-Battle in Russia than first among Magyars. Russians have ceased to look towards Constantinople under General Forey, defeat 25,000 Austrians, and the Mediterranean as to a condition of under General Count Stadion—The Emperor death and life. Sensible and sound-minded as they are, they begin, by this time, to find out

The Russians realize that with the twentieth western Lombardy-The blockade of Venice part of what they sacrificed in capital and various resources in the Crimean war, or what they May 22.—Death of the King of Naples.
May 23.—Garibaldi, passing the Ticino at tinople, they can cover the whole Empire with nets of railroads, improve, cultivate, develop Varese.

May 25.—Garibaldi, attacked by the Austrians hear Sesto Calende—The Emperor at Voghera.

May 26.—The Emperor at Vercelli—Garibaldi again bests the Austrians hear Sesto Calende—The Emperor at Vercelli—and inviting for their commerce as for their navy. On the Euxine, in Constantinople, and the Mediterranean, the Russian interests and

expansion would be forever hedged in and sur-rounded by numerous envious and hostile competitors. GUROWSKI. Geneseo, Livingston county, N. Y.,

The prices of land in and around this grea purchaser, almost chimerical.

PRICES OF LAND IN AND ABOUT

city are growing to the owner, as also the quote from the Sun:
"Turn in any direction—north, south, east or west-and the old occupant of the soil i

made rich by the rise of the value of his prop erty. He may toil not, neither does he spin, and yet he rises in the morning of one year worth thousands more than the year preceding, and likely to have those thousands still further increased a year later. The plodding citizen, who has done well for years, thinks he will lay away a few thousands in a thirty-acre farm near the city, which he recollects could have been bought for \$100 per acre three years since. H visits the locality now, and finds his anticipated purchase held at \$2,500 per acre, all through good land, bad land, stones, and swamps-all alike. The change is startling, but is not solitary, and perhaps not as surprising as many would be apt to believe.
"The increase of wealth in the city of New York, during the past few years, has been so

immense, and investments in real estate so favorably considered by a large class of the community, that the growth and prosperity of New York's environs can hardly be wondered at, under the increased demand which comes m the city for country villas, seats, and res dences. All the available water vites, as also the elevated ones on Staten Island, have long been held at \$2,000 per acre, and in many cases ranging from \$3,000 to \$3,500. The sandy shore at Bergen Point, which is the great summer stamping ground of the mosquito tribe, and which, some four years back, could have been bought for \$150 per acre, approaches close upon \$1,000, and some of its pleasantest spots would readily bring that amount per acre. On the shores of the Hudson, for a distance of fifty miles from town, the railroad is lined Bulletin learns that the catch of salmon this season has been very good. This delicious fish, and \$4,000 per acre. Almost every available nook and corner is graded to this seemingly high price, and the purchaser of moderate

are bought and sold at somewhat similar prices.

Passing from the flat shores of Long Island to
the Palisades of New Jersey, the same state of things prevail. Everywhere villa sites are con nanding prices which drive off the agricultur ists, and render the localities merely the suburbs of New York. Our agriculturists have no other resource than to fall back on the lines of railroads, which the capital of these villa owners so frequently aid to build, and on cheaper land, but with enhanced prices for produce, supply the ever-increasing market demand which New York puts forth.

"Back from the river, fertile land is held at

\$1,000 per acre all through that section, and it is only quite in the interior that lower prices prevail. Around the shores of Morrisania,

prevail. Around the shores of Morrisania, Port Morris, and all along the Sound, up to

New Rochelle, the same approximate prices

prevail. Crossing to Long Island, the most eligible villa sites, at Flushing and elsewhere,

SIR WILLIAM BLACKSTONE ON THE

Man, considered as a creature, must neces sarily be subject to the laws of his Capator, for he is entirely a dependent being. A being, ndependent of any other, has no rule to pursue, but such as he prescribes to himself: but a state of dependence will inevitably oblige the inferior to take the will of him on whom he depends, as the rule of his conduct; not i eed in every particular, but in all those poin wherein his dependence consists. This princi-ple therefore has more or less extent and effect, n proportion as the superiority of the one and dependence of the other is greater or less man depends absolutely upon his Maker for everything, it is necessary that he should in all oints conform to his Maker's will. This will of his Maker is called the law of

Nature.—P. 39. This law of Nature, being coeval with mar kind and dictated by God himself, is of course superior in obligation to any other. It is bind ing over all the globe, in all countries, and at pure Greek elements, which will join and merge all times; no human laws are of any validity, into the kingdom of Greece. Whatever might if contrary to this; and such of them as are valid derive all their force, and their authority, mediately or immediately, from this original,-

This has given manifold occasion for the benign interposition of Divine Providence; which, in compassion to the frailty, the imperfection, and the blindness of human rease has been pleased, at sundry times and in diver manners, to discover and enforce its laws by an immediate and direct revelation. The doc trines thus delivered we call the Divine law and they are to be found only in the Hol Scriptures. These precepts, when revealed ts. To attempt it, after the dissolution of the are found, upon comparison, to be really a part of the original law of Nature, as they tend all their consequences to man's felicity. But we are not from thence to conclude that the knowledge of these truths was attainable by reason in its present corrupted state: since we find that, until they were revealed, they were hid from the wisdom of ages. As then the moral precepts of this law are indeed of the very cheerfully complied with our request to same original with those of the law of Nature, so their intrinsic obligation is of equal strength and perpetuity. Yet undoubtedly the revealed Mr. Hyde had returned to St. Louis. Mr. W law is of infinitely more authenticity than that left for New York last evening in the steamer moral system which is framed by ethical wrionly what, by the assistance of human reason, we imagine to be that law. If we could be as

certain of the latter as we are of the former, then, they can never be put in any competition together. Upon these two foundations, the law of Naman laws; that is to say, no human laws should be suffered to contradict these. There i is, it is true, a great number of indifferent

they are, they begin, by this time, to find out other horizons for their expansion. Such are society, to be restrained within certain limits. the start, if they should attach the fore-wheels their actions of the horizons of the horizons for their expansion. Such are greatest force and efficacy; for, with regard to such points as are not indifferent, human next morning.

Having had much experience in hard winds the divine, and demonstrably by the natural work car, (which, with a good and strong cor law; and from these prohibitions arises the true unlawfulness of this crime. Those human

all increase its moral guilt, or superadd any fresh obligation in foro conscientiae to abstain from its perpetration. Nay, if any human law should allow or enjoin us to commit it, we are bound to transgress that human law, or else we must offend both the natural and the divine. But with regard to matters that are in themselves indifferent, and are not commanded or forbidden by those superior laws—such, for instance, as exporting of wool into foreign countries—here the inferior legislature has scope Mr. Gager took the other end, and took charge action unlawful which before was not so.— Pp. 42, 43—Commentaries, Fourth Dublin Edi; ion. 1771. Vol. 1.

enthusiastic gleam in his eye.
"Ah! what was it, darling?" and the father's

fingers ran through his offspring's curls.
"Why, I walloped Jack Edwards," said the young hopeful, "till he yelled like blazes. You should just have heard him heller, dad!" The father looked unhappy, while he ex

"You should not have done that, my child." "Then he'd a walloped me," replied the ouug hopeful.
"Better," said the sire, "for you to have fled

The good man sighed, went to his study, took up a pen, and endeavored to compose

trap. He was better known as Major Ben Russell, and being met by his old friend Busby, he was familiarly saluted with a hearty shake of the hand—
"How do you do, old Ben Russell?"

"Come, now," said Major Ben, "I'll not take that from you-not a bit of it. You are as old as I am this minute."
"Upon my word," says Mr. Busby, "you are

my senior by at least ten years."
"Not at all, friend Busby; and, if you please, we will determine that question very soon-just tell me what is the first thing you "Well, the first thing I recollect," said Mr.

Busby, "was hearing people say, 'There goes old Ben Russell!" says the Richmond Dispatch, is still in excel-lent health, and is blessed with his usual cheerful spirits. He is one of the few Presidents whose constitution and temper are unaffected

by the cares of State. He never distressed

himself in any degree about the welfare of the

country, or the condition of his conscience, and having no soul and a good digestion, he is en-

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n business of the paper or for publication should be addressed to G. BAILEY, Washington, D. C.

A BLOSSOMING NUISANCE.

The avarice of an adventurous Yankee, who, me years since, imported into this country : ge weed from the land of spices, serpents, and poisons, where there is a good deal besides man that is vile, Bishop Heber to the contrary notwithstanding, has entailed upon this city a nuisance of the greatest magnitude. This nuisance, which every one will name without a second thought, is the pretty Ailanthus, which is now in full blossom, exuding its nauseous odor, and making the atmosphere of our streets and squares heavy with a sickening and detest able perfume, which it is impossible to escape from without going upon the water, or getting into the country. The ordinary odor of our streets is sufficiently nauseating; but the worst scent which an incompetent City Inspector has given us is refreshing, compared with the unwhole-some and sickly odor of the Ailanthus. As this worthless tree grows rapidly, it has given us a ic squares, of this vegetable nuisance, to the exclusion of our sweet and beautiful native trees many of which are superior to it as shade trees on the Ailanthus, nor can any animal feed on its foliage. It is as deadly in its effects as the upas; and even where it does not absolutely destroy life, it impairs health and enervates the system. We publish a note from a well known chemist of this city, in relation to this subject, from which our citizens will learn, it they have not already made the discovery by terrible experience, that they have been plant ing under their very windows a blooming poion, which diffuses its odious essence through all the apartments of their dwellings, and us dermines the health of their families. There are thousands of our people who are driven from their residences into the the enervating odor of the Ailanthus. The worst features of the tree belong to the female Ailanthus, and in an excess of gallantry this unfortunate sex has been everywhere pteterred. The Catalpa is as free from worms as the Ailanthus; it is infinitely more beautiful, and grows almost as rapidly. The Ailanthus puts out its leaves very late, and sheds them very early, and a very slight wind breaks off it brittle branches, and strips it of its foliage,

THE GREAT BALLOON EXPEDITION. Professor Wise's Account of the Voyage.

which renders it a most unsuitable tree for city

planting. The Ailanthus nuisance must have

ties do not pass a law to remove it, the good

ense of the people will, in time, rid us of the

novance; but for the present, it is hardly en-

now reached its height, and if our city author.

durable, and is rendered doubly odious by the

excessive heat of the weather .- N. Y. Times

The following thrilling account of the voyage was furnished by Mr. Wise, who devoted him self to its preparation as soon as he had re freshed himself. Although greatly fatigued by the exertions and perils he had undergone, he prepare the statement. He informed us that Mr. La Mountain was left with the balloon, and that

Narrative of a Trans-Continental Air Voyay Although it was intended to have started on this voyage on the 23d of June, we were delay both would have an equal authority; but, till ed in our preparations until the 1st of July then, they can never be put in any competition By six o'clock P. M., the air ship "Atlantic was duly inflated, and while we were putting her n trim with ballast and provisions, Mr. Brooks, y voter the St. Louis Museum, who had kind casion, and, upon a signal agreed, ascended from which are found necessary, for the benefit of Gager, thinking some difficulty might arise at

omit that until we should be fairly under way dination to, the former. To instance in the case of murder: this is expressly forbidden by we had constructed at St. Louis a good wicker centric hoop, are life preservers in these perils which was suspended between the boat and ba laws that annex a punishment to it, do not at loon, and about eight feet above the the former, all increase its moral guilt, or superadd any and within six feet of the hoop, so that the neck

and opportunity to interpose, and to make that of the charts and compass; Mr. Hyde, local seat in the middle, with note-book and pencil. as historian. Although Mr. Hyde was not in the original programme, we unanimously agreed to let him accompany us, provided in ould not interfere with our ultimate design and it was arranged that, under any circu stances, when the ballast should fail, the box with its occupants should be disposed of, and myself or Mr. La Mountain should proceed

with the voyage alone.

The basket contained 350 pounds of ballast barometer, wet and dry bulb themometer besides a quantity of wine and provisions; and The father looked unhappy, while he explained the precept did not apply to any act like that, and concluded with—

all plan of the voyage, by the unanimous consent of the party engaged in this long-de vised enterprise. I must say here, that Mr. La Mountain took in charge a part of the pro-gramme that none but a cool head and a most "Yes; but," replied the hopeful, by way of a final clincher, "Jack can run twice as fast as M., we set sail from the Washington Square of St. Louis, and our course at starting was north of east. When we got up and over the Missis sippi, and well under way, we saw Mr. Brooks

land in a clear place, about sunset.

At 8.30 P. M., the shades of the unk from our view the noble city of in that she and the Father of Waters, though soft he country light until after 9. Mr. La Moriane, suffered from sickness on Thursblean Association, too unwell to work hard under arton. D C at the inflation, left much har LIGENCE that work. I submitted the who left SUS!"
charge for the night, with the und left SUS!" have me waked whenever he wanted been so widely worked; and he took it with alacrity, and in other Before I went to sleep, we had mounted been so height at which the balloon became complete ated. distended, and where we found the current due

east. Here it became chilly, and Mr. La Mountain, as well as all of us, suffered from this change of air; and with all the clothing we could put on us, it was still uncomfortable, though the thermometer stood at 42, and the barometer at 23, and this was the lowest of both the instruments during the whole voyage except the crossing of Lake Ontario. Mr. La Mountain proposed to take the lower current as long as it would take us but a few

points north of east; and I told him to do as he deemed best, and report his reckoning in the morning. After bidding the party in the boat good night and God speed, I coiled myself up in blankets, and laid down as best I could, and in